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eStat10 DUO

Electronic Room Hygro-Thermostat 1 switching output each for temperature and humidity

- Easy to install
- 2 potential-free switching outputs configurable as opener or closer
- Setpoint and switching hystereses for temperature and relative humidity independently configurable
- · Display of current relay switching states
- 2 continuous 0...10 V signal outputs for relative humidity and temperature
- Temperature compensation
- · Alternating display of relative humidity and temperature

Technical Data

Humidity

Measuring range	0100 %rh
Control range of the relative humidity	595 %rh
Setting range of the switching hystereses	0.59 %rh
Measuring uncertainty 1090 %rh at 25 °C max 010 %rh and 90100 %rh at 25 °C Long term stability Hysteresis Typ. temperature influence at 25 °C	$\leq \pm 3$ %rh additional $\leq \pm 0.2$ %rh / %rh ≤ 0.5 %rh/a $\leq \pm 1$ %rh ± 0.05 %rh/K

Electrical data

Switching outputs:	potential-		elay contacts ormally open
Setting as opener / closer		V	ia DIP switch
Switching voltage	≤ 48V DC ≥ 100		
Breaking capacity	≤60 W /	62.5 \	V A
Power factor		> 0.9	
Switching cycles (at Pmax)	> 105		
Switching current	≤2A		
Continuous output rel. humidity Continuous output temperature			010 V DC 010 V DC
Supply voltage			1530 V DC 1326 V AC
Consumption			≤ 30 mA
Standards applied			EN 61326-1

Temperature

Control range of the temperature	-25+55 °C
Setting range of the switching hyste	ereses 0.110 K
Output ranges	0+50 °C -30+70 °C 0+100 °C Further ranges on demand
Measuring uncertainty	tvn +0.3 K

Air, non-pressurised, non-

General Data

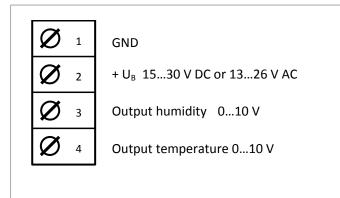
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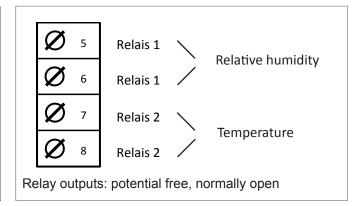
Measuring medium

3	condensing, non-aggressive
Operating temperature	-30+60 °C
Storage temperature	-40+85 °C
Electrical connections at mains Wire cross-section at each co	
Cable diameter → Surface-mounted cable	max. 1 x Ø 6.5 mm or 2 x Ø 4.5 mm
→ Concealed cable See: User instructions on page	4
Housing IP rating	IP 30D
Safety category	III
Housing materials	ABS
Housing colour	similar to RAL 9003 Signal white

2 lines

Connection diagrams





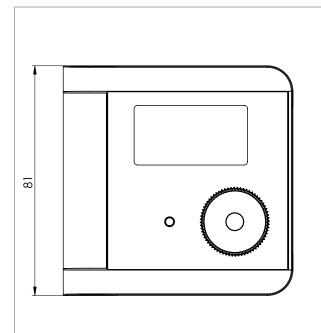
ESD protection advice

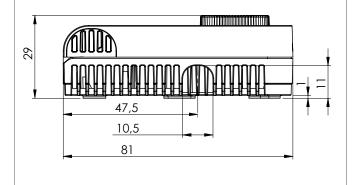
The devices contain components which can be damaged by the effects of electrical fields or by charge equalisation when touched.

The following protective measures must be taken when the housing of the device is to be opened for connection:

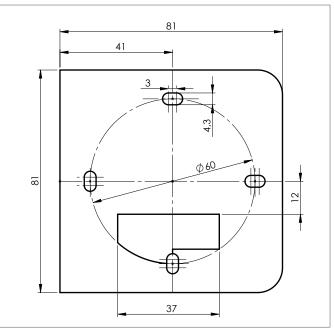
- · Before opening the housing, ensure electrical potential equalisation between you and your environment.
- Pay particular attention to ensure that this potential equalisation is maintained while you are working with the housing open.

Dimensions

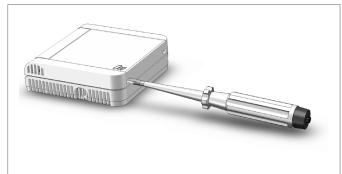


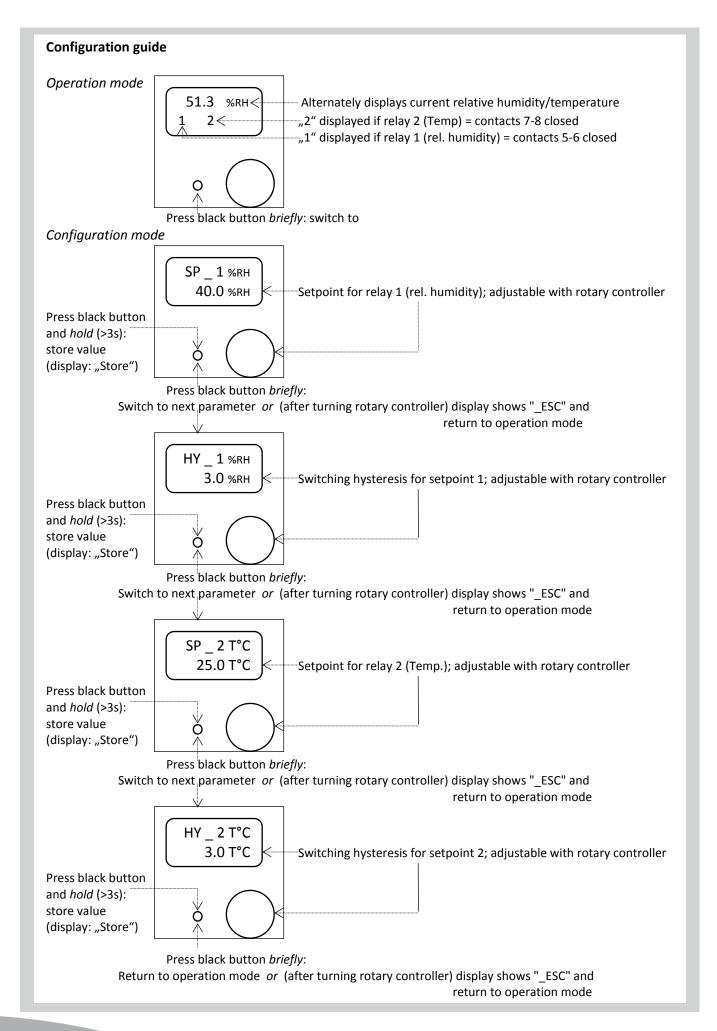


Drilling pattern



Opening the housing





DIP-Switch	Cu	Current reading	
et to	< setpoint - <u>switching hysteresis</u> 2	> setpoint + <u>switching hysteresis</u> 2	
C (Closer)	Relay = open	Relay = closed	
O (Opener)	Relay = closed	Relay = open	
	,	1	

Installation instructions

Position	The installation site should be chosen such that a representative measurement of air humidity can be guaranteed, i.e. the humidity readings at the installation site should correspond to those in the room. Avoid areas in the vicinity of radiators, doors and exterior walls, as well as direct sunlight.
Flush mounting Connection to surface-mounted and concealed cables	When flush-mounting the device, appropriate seals should be used to prevent external air from reaching the sensor element of the device through the concealed housing. When connecting to a concealed cable, the knock-out part of the housing floor should be broken out to allow the cable to pass through. When connecting to a surface-mounted cable, the separators at the hollowed-out points in the side of the housing can be broken out.
Connection	The device must be connected by qualified personnel.
	The housing contains sensitive components. When opening the housing, electrostatic discharge (ESD) precautions must be observed.
	Leads connected to the sensor must not run parallel to strong electromagnetic fields.
	Where there is a possibility of voltage surges, install surge protection devices.

User instructions

Damaging influences	Depending on their type and concentration, aggressive media containing solvents can cause incorrect reasings or cause the sensor to fail.
	Substances deposited on the sensor element (e. g. resin aerosols, paint aerosols, smoke deposits etc.) are harmful as they eventually form a water-repellent film.

This information is based on current knowledge and is intended to provide details of our products and their possible applications. It does not, therefore, act as a guarantee of specific properties of the products described or of their suitability for a particular application. In our experience, the equipment may be used across a broad spectrum of applications under the most varied conditions and loads. We cannot assess every individual case. Purchasers and/or users are responsible for checking the equipment for suitability for specific applications. Any existing industrial rights of protection must be observed. The quality of our products is guaranteed under our General Conditions of Sale. Datasheet eStat10-DUO e. Issue: March 2015. Subject to modifications.